



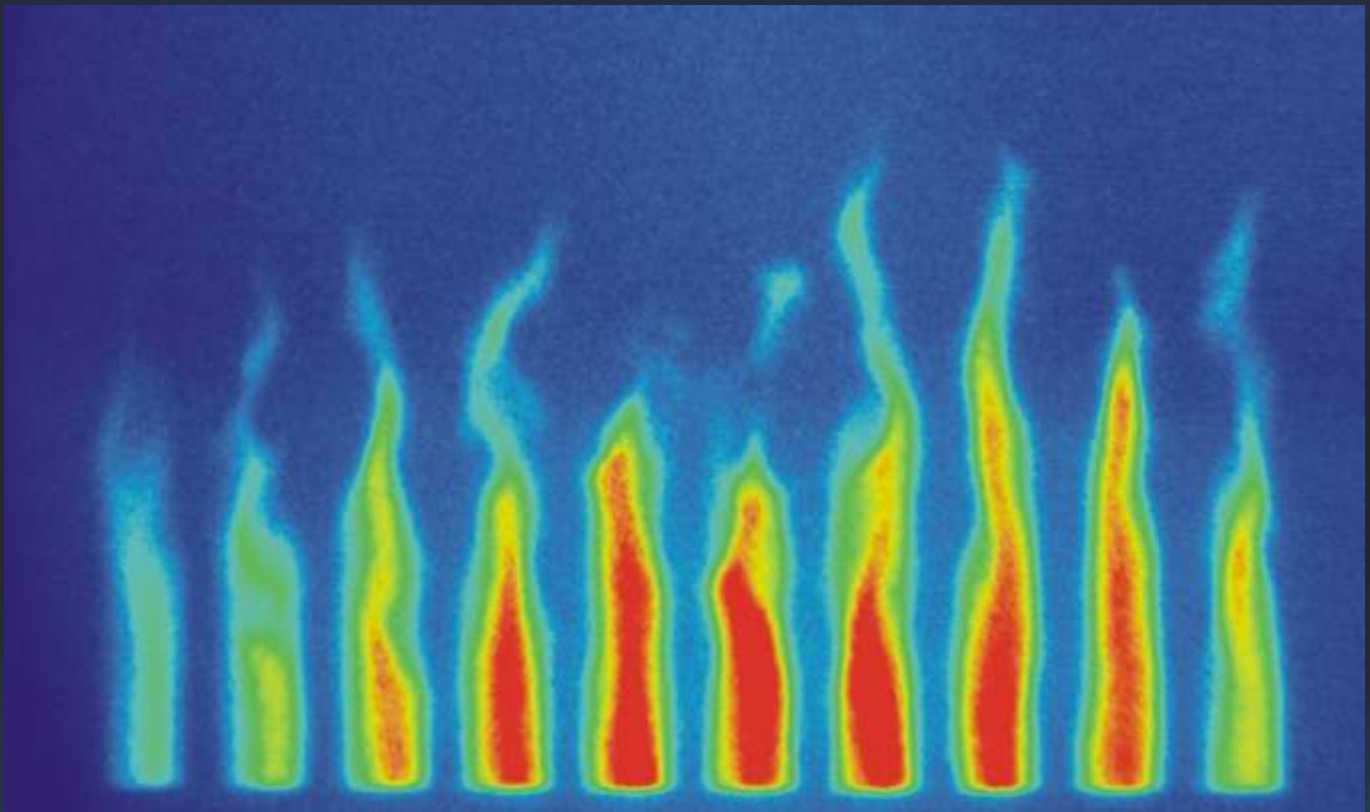
**STANFORD  
COMPUTER  
OPTICS**

Superior imaging intensified CCD cameras



# Quantum Leap

The image intensifier module for continuous or gated operation providing high speed shutter.



- ❑ High resolution image intensifier
- ❑ Shortest gating time down to 200ps
- ❑ Excellent for high-speed video cameras
- ❑ Time/Gain Module for remote control

[www.stanfordcomputeroptics.com](http://www.stanfordcomputeroptics.com)



# STANFORD COMPUTER OPTICS



Superior imaging intensified CCD cameras

## Quantum Leap

Available as non-gateable or gateable Version

The Quantum Leap is a stand alone image intensifier module, which upgrades your existing setup to a full-fledged intensified imaging system. It comprises the image intensifier, pulse amplifier, high-voltage power supply and a selectable output coupling lens.

### High speed with excellent signal amplification

Image intensifiers are providing an unique combination of intensifying low light images and a high speed shutter. This makes them the perfect tool in combination with high speed video cameras or multiple exposure applications like particle imaging velocimetry (PIV).

### Easy integration and flexibility

With the integrated output coupling lens the image intensifier module can be easily connected with various cameras. Several output coupling lenses are available to ensure the best imaging quality with the particular used detector size.

### Highest flexibility with Time & Gain Module

By default the photocathode gating of the image intensifier is activated using an external TTL signal and the signal gain is set manually. With the optional available Time & Gain Module the image intensifier gain, the gating and delay time can be controlled remotely via software.

### More detailed information

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*Cover: Image sequence of the Triplex-plasma source taken with a corresponding frame rate of 1 million frames per second. Further details on page 11. Figure reprinted with permission of the Universität der Bundeswehr in Munich.*



### Standard features and benefits

- Non gateable or gateable version
- Shortest gate time down to 1.2ns or 200ps
- Single stage 18mm image intensifier
- High resolution image intensifiers with optical system resolution of >60lp/mm
- Spectral sensitivity from UV to IR (depends on type of image intensifier)
- Brilliant sensitivity providing single photon detection
- Improves image contrast and S/N ratio
- Adjustable MCP-voltage for 50db dynamic range in signal amplification
- Various customized distortion free coupling lenses between image intensifier and CCD sensor
- Only 12V power supply necessary
- Compact and light system design

### Optional features

- Dual stage multi-channel plate (MCP) for highest signal gain and single photon detection
- Adapters for various spectrometer
  
- Time & Gain Module providing:
  - Full remote control via RS232 of signal gain, gate and delay time
  - Internal digital delay generator
  - Multiple trigger options: 3x input; 3x output
  - Multiple exposure operation with gate repetition rate up to 200kHz, 2MHz (optional) and 5MHz (on request)
  - incl. Parameter control software equal to camera control of the 4 Spec software

## Highlights

High resolution image intensifier

Superior image quality by customized lens coupling

18mm output image diameter

Excellent for high-speed video cameras

Long lasting electronics (24 months warranty)



# Time settings

## High accuracy timing control of the high speed shutter

The Quantum Leap is available with a minimal gate time of either 1.2ns or 200ps. By default all Quantum Leap models provide manual adjustability of the signal amplification and the photocathode gating can be switched by an external TTL signal.

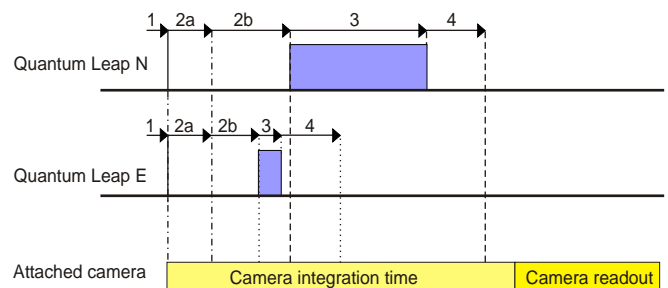
In combination with the Time/Gain Module the gateable versions of the Quantum Leap is fully remotely controllable. The integrated digital delay generator provides highly accurate timing control with 100ps (Quantum Leap N) and 10ps (Quantum Leap E) step sizes of the gating and delay time. Furthermore, the Time/Gain Module enables multiple exposure operation modes and external triggering.

### Time settings

Parameter	Quantum Leap N	Quantum Leap E
Gating time [step size]	1.2ns ... 80s [100ps]	200ps ... 80s [10ps]
Delay time [step size]	0.1ns ... 80s [100ps]	10ps ... 80s [10ps]
Jitter	<20ps	<10ps
Gate repetition rate (burst mode)	3.3MHz	
Gate repetition rate (continuous mode)	200 kHz (2MHz optiona)	
Trigger propagation delay	standard with external gate pulse: 30-35ns optional with Time/Gain module: 60-65ns	
Gain control	standard: manual with potentiometer optional with Time/Gain module: digital via RS232	
Gate control	external TTL pulse with Time/Gain module: digital via RS232	

## Operation showcase with a high frame rate video camera

The Time & Gain Module synchronizes the Quantum Leap with the connected camera using an adequate TTL signal as trigger. The trigger pulse follows an intrinsic delay time. Then the remotely adjustable delay time elapses before the shutter opens for an also remotely adjustable gating time. After the gating time the attached camera should further integrate during the luminous period of the phosphor screen.



#### Legend:

- 1) external trigger signal (from attached camera)
- 2a) intrinsic delay 35ns or 65ns
- 2b) adjustable delay time: Quantum Leap N: 0;100ps-80s, step size 100ps  
Quantum Leap E: 0;10ps-80s, step size 10ps
- 3) adjustable gate time: Quantum Leap N: 1.2ns-80s, step size 100ps  
Quantum Leap E: 200ps-80s, step size 10ps
- 4) luminous period of the phosphor screen



# Optical input & output options

Various output image sizes by selectable coupling lens

## Flexible intensified imaging extension

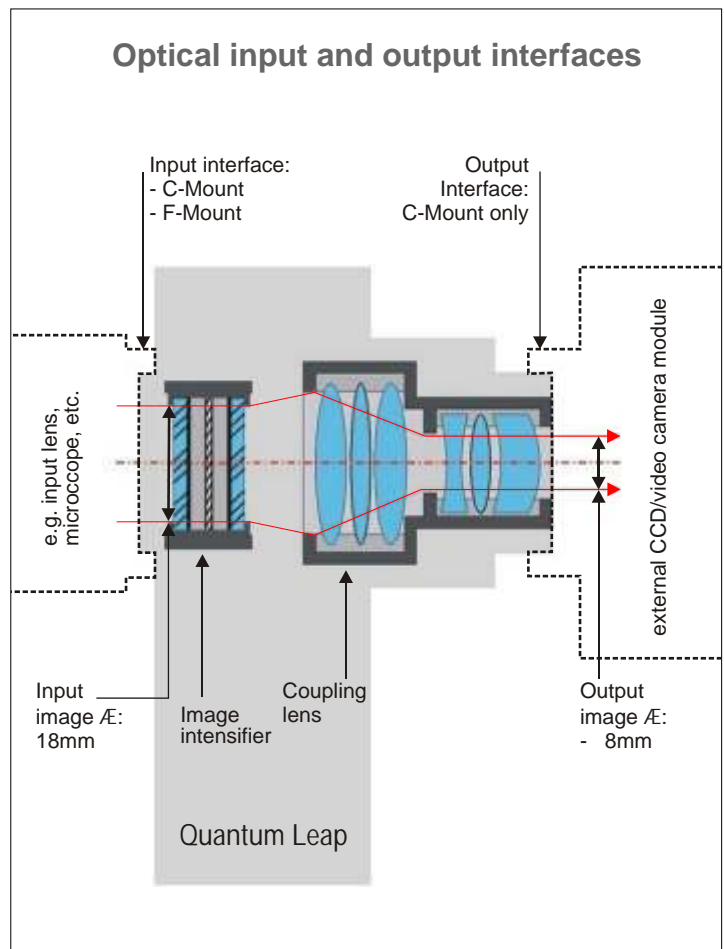
The Quantum Leap image intensifier module can be adapted between any optical device e.g. input lens or microscope and any detector. The input image is amplified by the image intensifier which also provides the high speed shutter functionality. The output is imaged on the sensor by the coupling lens.

## Various input and output interfaces

The image intensifier module provides multiple input options to meet the requirements of the different optical devices on which the Quantum Leap can be connected. The input interface of the Quantum Leap provides by default a C-mount connector, F-mount (Nikon) optional. Please note, output interface C-Mount only.

## Superior distortion free image quality

The output coupling lenses provide the flexibility of alternative sensor sizes in combination with high coupling efficiency and superior image quality. The output image is distortion- and vignetting-free and shows no honeycomb pattern. Depending on the detector size of the connected camera the suitable coupling lens in combination with the convenient diameter of the image intensifier can be chosen in the table below.



## Output coupling lens

Output interface	Output image diameter	Sensor size	Coupling lens magnification	Image intensifier Diameter	Input interface
C-mount only	18mm	1" CCD chip or large format CMOS sensor	1 : 1	18mm	F-mount optional: C-mount
C-mount only	8mm	1/2" CCD chip	2.25 : 1	18mm	C-mount only
C-mount only	6mm	1/3" CCD chip	3.1 : 1	18mm	C-mount only

# High performance image intensifier

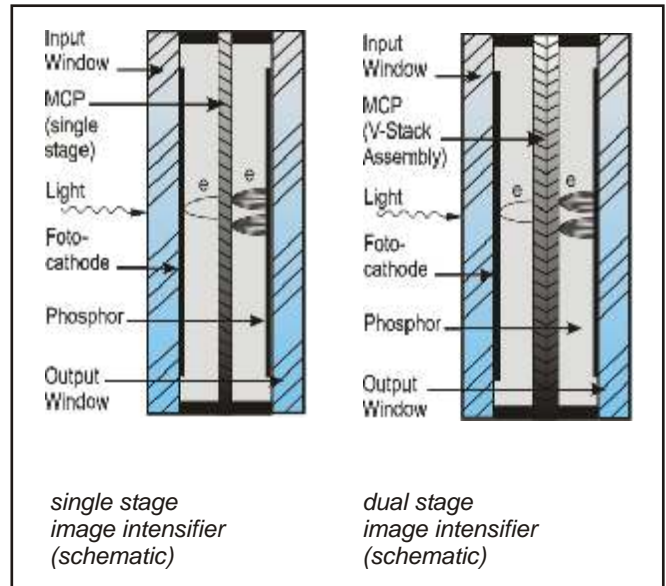
Guidance to make the right choices in order to get the most suitable image intensifier.

The image intensifier is a key component of each ICCD camera. This section deals with the fundamental characteristics of image intensifiers and their options.

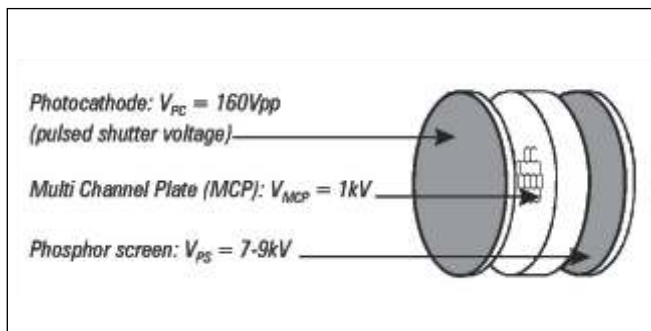
Different applications of ICCD cameras have different demands and requirements on the camera and thus on the image intensifier.

## Following questions need to be addressed

- What are the spectral characteristics of the illumination?  
→ Does determine the suitable photocathode.
- How fast need to be the shutter/shortest gating time?  
→ Highest shutter speed does have some constrains to e.g. size of the image intensifier.
- How much light is there?  
→ Dual stage MCP's have better performance at low light environments but less .
- High speed or low light imaging?  
→ Does determine the suitable phosphor screen.



First the incoming photon releases an electron in the photocathode, second the electron is accelerated and amplified to an electron avalanche within the multi-channel plate (MCP), third the accelerated electrons are converted into photons by the phosphor screen.



## New: Gen II High QE photo cathodes

The new Gen II high Quantum Efficiency photo cathodes are providing the best spectral responsibility performance....

## Photocathodes

	Type	Spectral range
<b>Standard</b>	High QE UV	approx. 180 - 700nm
<b>Optional</b>	High QE UV MgF2	approx. 110 - 700nm
	High QE Blue	approx. 200 - 700nm
	High QE Green	approx. 360 - 700nm
	High QE Red	approx. 400 - 900nm





# Image intensifier specifications

## Shutter speed

The shutter speed is limited by the speed of light since any electromagnetic signal does not travel faster.

## Input window

The standard input window is made of quartz. This limits the UV spectral range below 200nm. The optional Magnesium Fluoride (MgF2) window enables measurements down to 110nm.

## Photocathode

Photocathodes define the sensitivity and the spectral response of the image intensifier.

## Phosphor screen

There are three important considerations in choosing a luminous (phosphor) output screen.

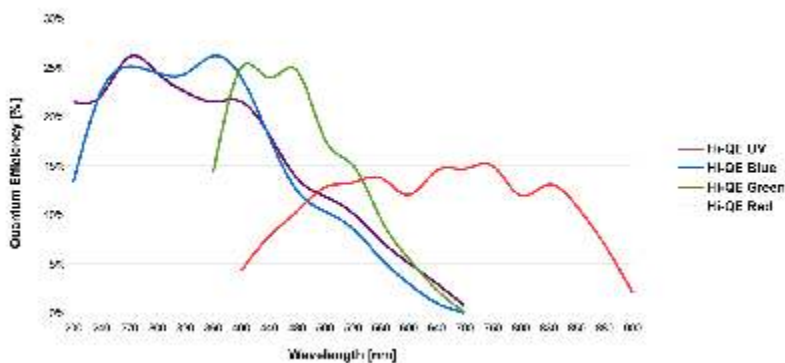
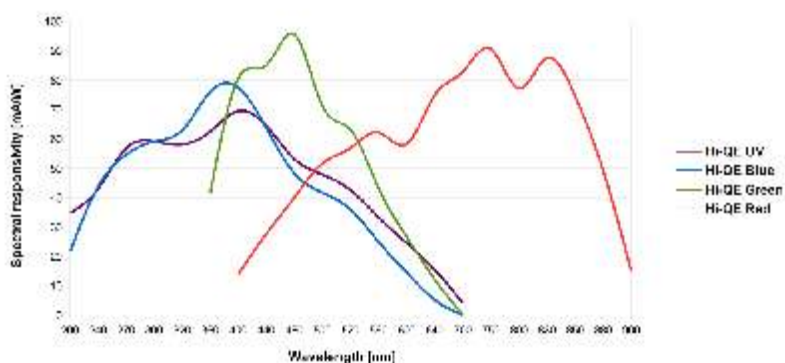
1. spectral emission range
2. efficiency
3. phosphor decay time

The P43 phosphor screen has a higher efficiency, however, a longer decay time. For fast applications e.g. double frame mode with interframing time of 500ns the P46 phosphor screen is necessary to avoid ghost images from the previous exposure.

## Multi-channel-plate (MCP)

Image intensifiers can be equipped with single or double stage MCP's. The single stage MCP features excellent signal gain and fits most applications of the ultra high speed ICCD cameras.

The V-stacked double MCP's are especially used for extreme low light environments. The increased electron multiplication provide single photon detection with increased signal to noise ratio and reduced ion feedback noise. Therefore, the double MCP is mainly used for long exposure measurements and extreme low light applications



Upper graph: Spectral responsivity [mA/W]  
Lower graph: Quantum Efficiency [%]

## Phosphor screen

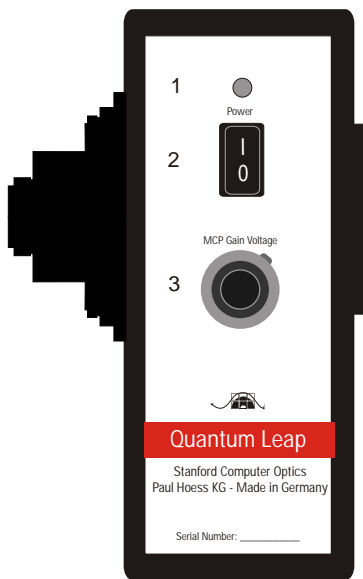
Type	Composition	Efficiency	Decay time		Emission spectral range
			90% to 10%	10% to 1%	
P43	Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> S:Tb	185 ph/e @6kV	1.5ms	3.3ms	360 - 680nm
P46	Y <sub>3</sub> Al <sub>5</sub> O <sub>12</sub> :Ce	90 ph/e @6kV	0.2μs	10μs	490 - 620nm

## Micro-channel-plate (MCP)

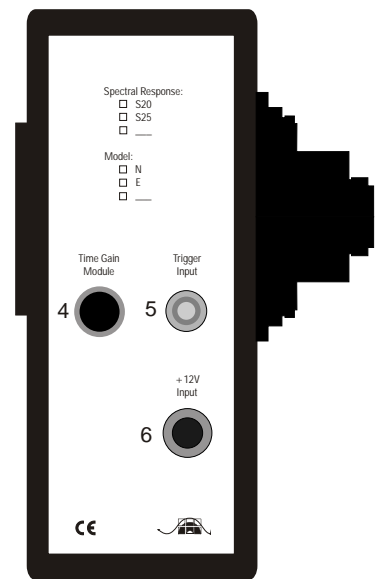
Type	Electron multiplication	S/N ratio	Notice
Single stage	up to 10 <sup>3</sup>	very good	best image quality
Double stage	up to 10 <sup>6</sup>	excellent	highest sensitivity

# Connection options

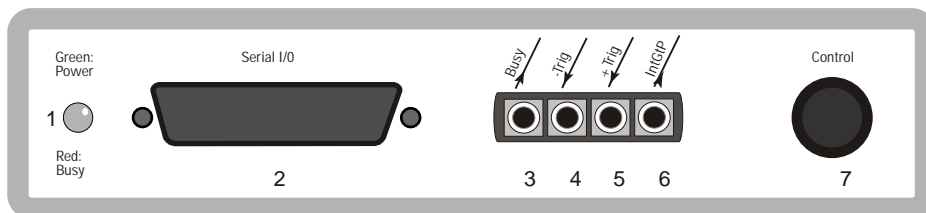
Quantum Leap non gateable and gateable



- 1 LED signal; green: power on  
red: shutter (gate) open  
(Quantum Leap busy)
- 2 Power ON/OFF switch
- 3 Manual adjustable signal gain;  
Manual adjustable resistance to  
set the the signal gain of the  
image intensifier by varying the  
high-voltage MCP gain.
- 4 Connector of the Time/Gain  
Module; The link with the  
Time/Gain Module enables the  
remote control of the signal gain,  
gating and delay time
- 5 TTL input signal;  
External TTL signal to control the  
photocathode gating.
- 6 Power supply socket;  
Supply voltage 12V  
approx. 1A without cooling  
with cooling approx. 2.5A max.



## I/O Connectors: Time & Gain Module (optional)



**1 LED**  
green: Power on  
red: shutter (gate) open  
(Quantum Leap busy)

**2 RS232 interface**  
RS232 output socket  
for connection with a  
PC or Laptop

**3 Busy**  
TTL output signal; this timing  
circuitry busy signal can be  
used as an external trigger for  
a camera or any external  
instrument.  
It is an active low signal.

**4 -Trig**  
TTL input trigger; Input for  
external trigger on negative  
edge  $\pm 20V$  max. for short time  
periods transition at 1.3V.

**5 +Trig**  
TTL input trigger; Input for  
external trigger on positive  
edge  $\pm 20V$  max. for short time  
periods transition at 1.3V.

**6 IntGtP - TTL output signal**  
Gate monitor output provides  
reliable timing information on  
actual gating occurrence with  
internal time generator or  
external gating pulse.

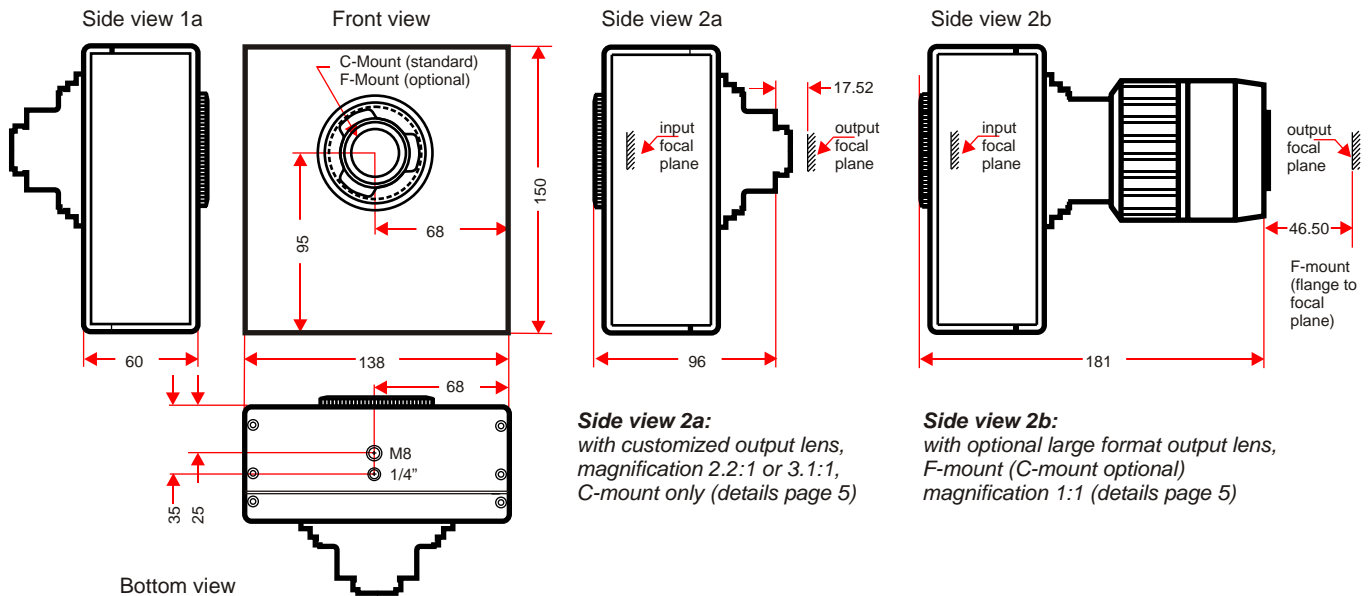
**7 Time & Gain output**  
Output socket for the link with  
the Quantum Leap





# Dimensions

Quantum Leap - compact and light design



**Side view 2a:**  
with customized output lens,  
magnification 2.2:1 or 3.1:1,  
C-mount only (details page 5)

**Side view 2b:**  
with optional large format output lens,  
F-mount (C-mount optional)  
magnification 1:1 (details page 5)

## Mechanical and environmental data

Parameter	Quantum Leap Module	Time & Gain Module
Weight (all in one)	1.8kg / 4lb	0.3kg / 1.8lb
Dimensions (camera without lens)	60 x 136 x 150mm (l x w x h)	240 x 140 x 40mm (l x w x h)
Camera mount	1/2" and M8 mounting holes	
Operating humidity	25..95%, non condensing	
Operating temperature	0°C - 50°C / 32°F - 122°F	
Performance specification	10°C - 40°C / 50°F - 104°F	
Operating limits	-10°C - 50°C / 14°F - 122°F	
Shock and vibration	60g accel. shock, 7g Vibration (11 - 200Hz), excludes MCP in direct frontal impact	
Voltage	90..260VAC	

## Extended warranty on all products from Stanford Computer Optics

**2 years on mechanics and electronics**  
Stanford Computer Optics Inc. warrants all new products to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for 24 months from the date of dispatch.

**1 year on image intensifier** Image intensifiers are subject to the original manufacturer's warranty conditions. It comprises a warranty of 12 months. In case of any defect the Paul Hoess KG or Stanford Computer Optics Inc. will assist for repair or replacement.

**Warranty restriction**  
Warranties do not cover normal wear, misuse, negligence or accident. They do not apply to goods which have been misused, altered, inadequately maintained, stored incorrectly, or negligently installed or serviced.

# Quantum Leap Serie

Customize the optimum Quantum Leap image intensifier module for you application

The Quantum Leap enables the customization to the requirement and needs of your experiment and many detector systems. Please follow the indicated four step process to get the most suiting stand-alone image intensifier module for your application.

### Customize your Quantum Leap in 4 steps:

1. Select the required gate operation
2. Select the optimum image intensifier
3. Choose the ideal output coupling lens
4. Pick the required accessories

## 1. Gate operation

Choose the required gate operation for your experiment.

### Gateable down to 1.2ns:

This gating time provides superior images in combination with high speed video cameras.

### Gateable down to 200ps:

The fastest shutter is available for research on ultra high speed physical phenomena.

## 2. Image intensifier

### 2.1. Photocathode

- high QE UV
- optional: high QE blue  
high QE green,  
high QE red  
(see details on page 7)
- input window: quartz  
or MgF2 on request

### 2.2. Multi-channel plate (MCP)

- single stage
- dual stage (optional)

### 2.3. Phosphor screen

- P43 standard
- P46 optional  
(requested for 500ns fast  
dual frame mode)

## 3. Coupling lens

The output coupling lens is the optical link between the image intensifier and the detector system.

Choose the optimal coupling lens for best imaging quality and optimal sensor coverage. See details on page 5.



Please contact our sales team to get assistance and further details to these options.

## 4. Selection of optional accessories and adapters

Item-No.	Name of product	Description
LA-TG-...	Time & Gain Module	TGN (min. gate time 1.2ns) or TGE (min. gate time 200ps)
LA-LMA-...	lens mount adapter	selection of adapter for various lens mount systems (F-mount) providing full aperture and reduced stray light by black anodized aluminum
LA-SGA-...	spectrograph adapter	selection of adapter for all common spectrograph manufacturer e.g. Acton, Zolix and Jobin Yvon, others on request
LLA-SMB-BNC	SMB-BNC	SMB - BNC adapter cables in any length



# Applications

Quantum Leap intensifier module provides user-friendly intensified imaging for applications in many different fields of research

## Velocity map imaging

e.g. by H. S. Chung, et al., from the Seoul National University, Korea: J. Chem. Phys., Vol. 114, 2001

## Raman line imaging

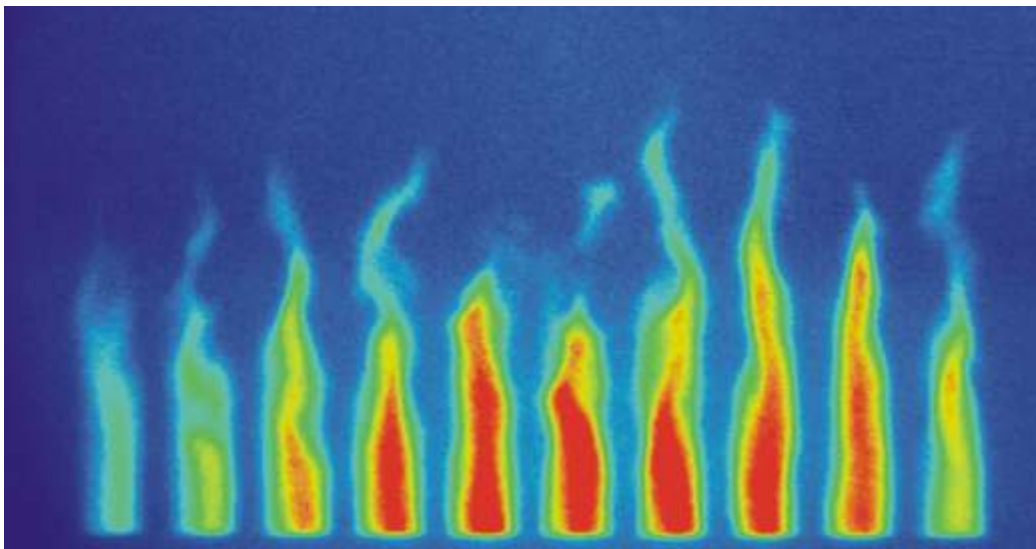
e.g. by C. R. Howle, et al., from the Defence Science and Technology Lab, United Kingdom: Proc. SPIE 7116, Optically Based Biological and Chemical Detection for Defence IV, 2008

## Photodissociation dynamics

e.g. by K. S. Lee, from the Advanced Institute of Science and Technology, Korea: The Journal of Chemical Physics, Vol. 122, 2005

## Adaptive optics

e.g. D. L. McKenna, et al. from the Steward Observatory, United States: Proc. SPIE 4839, Adaptive Optical System Technologies II, 2003



*Image sequence with 1 million frames per second (fps) using a rotating mirror high speed camera.*

S. Kirner from the Universität der Bundeswehr in Munich used the stand-alone image intensifier module, Quantum Leap, to construct a rotating mirror ultra-high speed camera which enables image sequences of up to 1 million fps.

*Image sequence of the Triplex-plasma source taken with a corresponding frame rate of 1 million frames per second. The image of the plasma source was moved along the image intensifier using a rotating mirror. The Quantum Leap provides 10 shutter openings with*

*1MHz repetition rate. The triplex-plasma source is a multi cathode plasma source which ensures the independent formation of multiple electric arcs and a steady plasma. Figure reprinted with permission of the Universität der Bundeswehr in Munich.*

## Designed for high speed video cameras

The Quantum Leap image intensifier module is specially designed for the usage in combination with a high speed video cameras. This combination ensures sharp and clear images of ultra fast processes like hyper-velocity impacts.

Outstanding imaging quality can be achieved with the stand-alone image intensifier, Quantum Leap. It amplifies the incoming light signal so that the shutter (gate) time can be reduced to overcome any image smear or blur. Furthermore, the highly accurate timing control of the Quantum Leap allows the precise synchronization of the high speed shutter with external devices like Lasers.



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# Quantum Leap

The modular high speed  
image intensifier module for  
continuous or gated operation

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